



United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FII	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/658,434	09/658,434 09/08/2000		Eric Schneider	2924	
24226	7590	04/06/2004	EXAMINER		INER
ERIC SCH			DENNISON, JERRY B		
13944 CED. # 258	AR ROAD		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	TY HEIGH	TS, OH 44118	2143	<u>~</u>	
			DATE MAILED: 04/06/200	₄	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				PPL				
1		Application	Applicant(s)	ų · 7				
Office Action Summary		09/658,434	SCHNEIDER ET	AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit					
		J. Bret Dennison	2143					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover st	neet with the correspondence ad	ldress				
THE - Exter after - If the - If NC - Failu Any (ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing end patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however within the statutory minimu will apply and will expire SIX, cause the application to be	may a reply be timely filed m of thirty (30) days will be considered timel (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this come ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 Ja	anuary 2004.						
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This	action is non-final.						
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 193	35 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	ion of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>13-32</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from consideration	on.					
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>13-32</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requireme	ent.					
Applicat	ion Papers							
•	The specification is objected to by the Examine							
10)⊠	The drawing(s) filed on 21 January 2004 is/are:	: a)⊠ accepted or l	b)⊡ objected to by the Examin	ier.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the at	tached Office Action or form P	TO-152.				
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document: 2. Certified copies of the priority document: 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau	s have been receive s have been receive rity documents have	ed. ed in Application No e been received in this National	Stage				
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copi	es not received.					
Attachmen	nt(s)							
1) Notic	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)		erview Summary (PTO-413)					
	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		per No(s)/Mail Date tice of Informal Patent Application (PT)	O-152)				
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	· =	ner:	J . 02)				

Art Unit: 2143

DETAILED ACTION

1. This Action is in response to Amendment for Application Number 09/658,434 received on 21 January 2004.

2. Claims 13-32 are presented for examination.

Claim Objections

3. Claim 15 recites "that said word one of a starts and ends with a word delimiter." Examiner will interpret this as "that said word starts and ends with a word delimiter." Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 4. Claims 1 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 5. Claims 1 and 22 recite the limitation "the data" on pages 3 and 4. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. Claims 13-15, and 27 also recite the limitation. Appropriate correction is required.

Page 2

Art Unit: 2143

6. Claims 1, 18 and 27 are rejected as failing to define the invention in the manner

required by 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph.

The claim(s) are narrative in form and replete with indefinite and functional or

operational language. The structure which goes to make up the device must be clearly

and positively specified.

7. Claim 1 recites negative limitations "wherein said word is not a uniform resource

locator," and "said word is not a fully qualified domain name." Appropriate correction is

required.

8. Claim 18 recites negative limitations "wherein said punctuation period symbol is

not a word delimiter" and "said punctuation period symbol is not positioned at a start or

end of said word." Appropriate correction is required.

9. Claim 27 recites negative limitations "wherein said punctuation period symbol is

not a word delimiter" and "said punctuation period symbol is not positioned at a start or

end of said word." Appropriate correction is required.

10. Claim 32 recites negative limitations "wherein said word is not a uniform resource

locator (URL)" and "said word is not a fully qualified domain name." Appropriate

correction is required.

Page 3

Art Unit: 2143

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 13, 14, 22, and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nielsen (U.S. Patent Number 5,907,680) hereinafter referred to by Nielsen'680 in view of Nielsen (U.S. Patent Number 6,510,461) hereinafter referred to by Nielsen'461.

11. Regarding claims 13, 14, 22, 23, and 29, Nielsen'680 discloses a data spell check method comprising detecting that the data includes at least one spelling error, each said spelling error including at least a portion of a word (Nielsen'680, col. 6, lines 14-20), and providing a user with an ability to generate at least one hyperlink corresponding to said spelling error (Nielsen'680, col. 6, lines 15-27). However, Nielsen'680 does not disclose determining that said at least one spelling error includes a top level domain alias (TLDA).

In an analogous art, Nielsen'461 discloses determining that said at least one spelling error includes a top-level domain alias (TLDA) (col. 8, lines 1-5, Nielsen'461 teaches a TLD selected from a set of globally recognized top level domains).

Art Unit: 2143

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the system of parsing network addresses by Nielsen'461 with the collaborative spell check of URL's by Nielsen'680 for the benefit of providing the user with information referenced in documents by a valid URL containing spelling errors or providing a list of URL's based from and invalid misspelled URL, without having to manually fix the errors, conserving the user's time.

- 12. Regarding claim 18, Nielsen'680 and Nielsen'461 show all the features of the invention, substantially as claimed, as described in claims 13, 14, and 22, including wherein said detecting said word from the data includes determining that said word includes a character represented by a punctuation period symbol (Nielsen'680, col. 6, lines 14-20, Nielsen'680 teaches a spell check on domain names, which includes the punctuation period symbol). See above for motivation.
- 13. Regarding claims 19-21, 30-32, Nielsen'680 and Nielsen'461 show all the features of the invention, substantially as claimed, as described in claims 13, 14, 22, and 29, including providing said user with said ability to generate said at least one hyperlink includes providing said user with a user interface, said user interface configured to respond to said detected spelling error (Nielsen'680, col. 6 lines 63-67, Nielsen'680 discloses a list of URL's displayed to the user in a hypertext format where the user can select one of the URL's or cancel) and wherein said user interface includes user modifiable configuration settings (Nielsen'680, col. 5 lines 45-50, Nielsen'680

Art Unit: 2143

teaches that the invention operates in WWW browser software, which has configuration settings). See above for motivation

Claims 15-17, 24-26, and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nielsen'680 in view of Nielsen'461, as applied to claims 13, 14, and 22, in further view of Chaney et al. (hereafter "Chaney" "6,104,990").

14. Regarding claims 15-17 and 24-26 Nielsen'680 and Nielsen'461 show all the features of the invention, substantially as claimed, as described in claims 13, 14, 22, and 23, except wherein said detecting said word from the data includes determining that said word starts and ends with a word delimiter, receiving an input character and determining that said input character is said word delimiter, and wherein said word delimiter is represented by a spacebar symbol.

In an analogous art, Chaney discloses of a method of extracting words and phrases from a document using a space or other punctuation characters, which are also input characters, as delimiters (col.3, lines 15-32).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Nielsen'680 and Nielsen'461 with Chaney's method of extracting words and phrases using delimiters for the benefit of conserving process time while parsing documents.

Art Unit: 2143

- 15. Regarding claim 27, Nielsen'680, Nielsen'461, and Chaney show all the features of the invention, substantially as claimed, as described in claim 24, including wherein said detecting said word from the data includes determining that said word includes a character represented by a punctuation period symbol (Nielsen'680, col. 6, lines 14-20, Nielsen'680 teaches a spell check on domain names, which includes the punctuation period symbol). See above for motivation.
- 16. Regarding claim 28, Nielsen'680, Nielsen'461, and Chaney show all the features of the invention, substantially as claimed, as described in claim 24, including wherein said determining that said at least one 9 spelling error includes said TLDA includes determining that said TLDA is at least one symbol between said punctuation period symbol and said word delimiter (col. 8, lines 1-5). See above for motivation.

Response to Amendment

17. Applicant's arguments include the failure of previously applied art to expressly disclose (*To date there remains no word processing spell checkers that include the ability to generate hyperlink reference in correspondence with a detected spelling error*). See Response, Paper #4, page 6. It is evident from the detailed mappings found in the above rejection(s) that Nielsen'680 and Nielsen'461 disclosed this functionality. Further, it is clear from the numerous teachings (previously and currently cited) that the provision for processing spelling errors in a word processing environment was widely implemented in the networking art. Applicant states that Neilsen'680 discloses methods

Page 7

Page 8

Application/Control Number: 09/658,434

Art Unit: 2143

of providing spelling check services to the user. Applicant's arguments include that "Applicant does not in any way rely on such a step of detecting or processing a spelling error after performing an unsuccessful resource location request." See Response, Paper #4, page 7. However, the detailed mappings found in the rejection above show that Neilsen'680 still discloses methods of detecting or processing spelling errors.

Thus, Applicant's arguments drawn toward distinction of the claimed invention and the prior art teachings on this point are not considered persuasive.

18. Furthermore, as it is the Applicant's right to continue to claim as broadly as possible their invention, it is also the Examiner's right to continue to interpret the claim language as broadly as possible. It is the Examiner's position that the detailed functionality that allows for Applicant's invention to overcome the prior art used in the rejection, fails to differentiate in detail how these features are unique. It is the Examiner's position that Applicant has not yet submitted claims drawn to limitations, which define the operation and apparatus of Applicant's disclosed invention in manner, which distinguishes over the prior art.

Failure for Applicant to significantly narrow definition/scope of the claims and supply arguments commensurate in scope with the claims implies the Applicant intends broad interpretation be given to the claims. The Examiner has interpreted the claims with scope parallel to the Applicant in the response and reiterates the need for the Applicant to more clearly and distinctly define the claimed invention.

Art Unit: 2143

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to J. Bret Dennison whose telephone number is (703)305-8756. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30am-5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David A Wiley can be reached on (703)308-5221. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

Art Unit: 2143

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

J. Bret Dennison Patent Examiner Art Unit 2143

> DAVIÓ-WILEY SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100